Climate change

TOTAL EU27 26,358 interviews

France 1,003 interviews | Fieldwork: 11 May - 25 May 2023

QC1T. Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems?

Methodology (FR): Face-to-face

1. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE

QC2. And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem". (MAX. 4 ANSWERS) (%) (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 58 Poverty, hunger and lack of drinking water 66 16 52 Armed conflicts 43 46 Climate change 52 38 The economic situation 85 29 27 Deterioration of nature 38 EU27 💮 Outer pie FR 🌔 Inner pie 24 Deterioration of democracy and rule of law 21 EU27 FR 21 Spread of infectious diseases 2023 A 2021 2023 A 2021 14 21 Health problems due to pollution Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10) 77 -1 85 +4 26 21 Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6) The proliferation of nuclear weapons 16 +1 11 -2 15 21 Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4) The increasing global population 7 4 -1 = 19 EU27 20 Don't know 0 0 International terrorism = -1 28 FR

2. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QC4. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements? (%)

Tackling climate change and environmental issues should be a priority to improve public health

EU27		12	
🕽 FR	90	7	
	More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to	fossil fuels should be reduced	
EU27	78	15	
FR	75	16	
	Taking action on climate change will lead to innovation that will make EU companies more competitive		
EU27	75	16	
FR	75	15	
	The costs of the damages due to climate change are much higher than the costs of the investments needed for	or a green transition	
EU27	73	16	
FR	75	12	
	Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can increase energy security and benefit the EU economical	ly	
EU27	70	20	
FR	64	22	
	Adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change can have benefit for citizens in the EU		
EU27	63	26	
FR	58	28	
	🗖 🗖 Total 'Agree' 🛛 🗖 Total 'Disagree' 🔍 🗖 Don't know		





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National governments

The European Union

Business and industry

You personally

Environmental groups

All of them (SPONTANEOUS)

Other (SPONTANEOUS)

(%)

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Methodology (FR): Face-to-face

QC5. Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE) QC3. In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? past six months? (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 56 61 56 36 30 65 53 69 56 36 Regional and local authorities 40 EU27 💮 Outer pie FR) Inner pie 35 46 EU27 2023 A 2021 2023 **Δ 2021** 29

Yes

No

70

2

Don't know

10

EU27

FR

42

6

Δ

0

1

QC6. Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

You try to reduce your waste and you regularly separate it for recycling

You try to cut down on your consumption of disposable items whenever possible (e.g. plastic bags from the supermarket, excess packaging)

When buying a new household appliance (e.g. washing machine, fridge or TV), lower energy consumption is an important factor in your choice

You buy and eat less meat

You regularly use environmentally-friendly alternatives to your private car such as walking, cycling, taking public transport or car-sharing

You buy and eat more organic food

You have insulated your home better to reduce your energy consumption

You consider the carbon footprint of your food purchases and sometimes adapt your shopping accordingly

You have installed equipment in your home to control and reduce your energy consumption (e.g. smart meter)

You consider the carbon footprint of your transport when planning your holiday and other longer distance travel and sometimes adapt your plans accordingly

82 53 57 37 38 31 41 28 27 28 28 17 21 15 24 11 18

30

40

(Top 10 answers)



3. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE



FR

=

=

=

90

69

30

1

80

63

36

1

50

-1

+1

=

60

70



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France

Methodology (FR): Face-to-face

4. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

Commission

QC7. Do you think that the (NATIONALITY) government is doing enough, not enough or too much to tackle climate change? (%)



	EU	EU27		FR	
	2023	Δ 2021	2023	Δ 2021	
Enough	23	+4	17	+5	
Not enough	67	-8	75	-6	
Too much	5	+2	2	=	
Don't know	5	+2	6	+1	

QC8. How important do you think it is that the following authorities take action and increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030? (%)



QC10. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: We should reduce greenhouse gas emissions to a minimum while offsetting the remaining emissions, for instance by increasing forested areas, to make the EU economy climate-neutral by 2050. (%)



E027 Gutter pie		initici pic		
	EU27		FR	
	2023	Δ 2021	2023	Δ 2021
Totally agree	42	-5	51	-1
Tend to agree	46	+3	41	+1
Tend to disagree	7	+1	3	-2
Totally disagree	2	=	2	+1
Don't know	3	+1	3	+1

QC9. How important do you think it is that the following authorities take action to improve energy efficiency by 2030 (e.g. by encouraging people to insulate their home, install solar panels or buy electric cars)? (%)



The (NATIONALITY) government



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Methodology (FR): Face-to-face

5. THE EU AND THE ENERGY CRISIS

QC11. With energy price spikes and restrictions on gas supply due to the actions of Russia, how should the EU and its Member States respond in terms of green energy QC12T. In which of the following ways should the EU and the Member State governments respond to relieve the economic pressure caused by the energy policy? (%) crisis? Firstly? And then? (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 Accelerate the roll-out of renewable 52 energy sources in EU to bring the cost of energy down and become 50 more energy independent 27 60 Take economic measures to limit the 58 25 51 price of energy bills for households such as tax energy companie's profits 51 and impose energy price caps 36 Invest more in energy efficiency EU27 💮 Outer pie FR | Inner pie measures (e.g. improved insulation) 44 We should accelerate the use of renewable energy sources, increase energy efficiency, and speed up the transition to a green economy Give direct financial support to the 35 most economically vulnerable We should maintain the same pace of transition to a green economy members of society 31 We should return to using more fossil fuels during the energy crisis and slow down the transition to the green economy 14 Diversify the supply of fossil FU27 fuels imports into the EU 9 Don't know FR

6. EUROPEANS AND THEIR NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

QC13. How easy or difficult is it for you to access nature and green spaces? (%)

QC14. How exposed are you personally to environmental and climate related risks, and threats (e.g. fires, floods, pollution, extreme weather conditions, etc.)? (%)



4